EFFECT OF BACKGROUND COLOR and PHOTOPHASE DURATION ON PERFORMANCE OF GREATER AMBERJACK (Seriola Dumerili) AND EXPRESSION OF GENES RELATED TO THE GH/IGF AXIS AT EARLY DEVELOPMENT

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DIVERSIFY ACM 2017 Barcelona, January 17-19









INTRODUCTION: The Greater Amberjack

- Important commercially
- Global distribution
- Fast growth (6 Kg in 2.5 years)
- Excellent flesh quality
- global market



- Innovative products with added value
- The size attained can be marketed as whole or as processed food (fillets)
- Efforts to develop/improve aquaculture methods

LARVAL REARING





INTRODUCTION: Background colour & Photoperiod





COLOR



Physiological condition Stress response







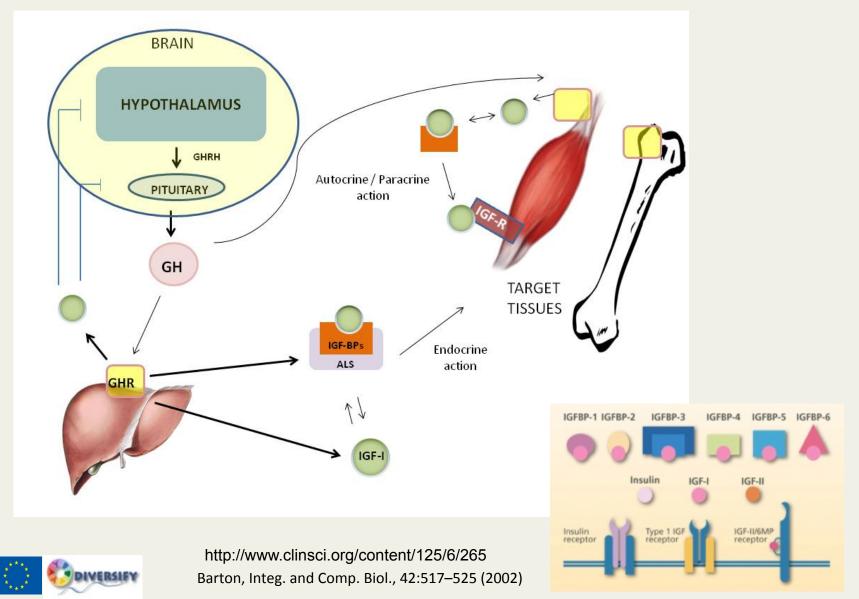
Food intake **Growth Survival**

Overall Production Performance





INTRODUCTION: Growth Hormone/Insulin-like Growth Factor axis



hcmr

EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN: PART A & PART B





Samples = 5 pooled samples flash frozen in liquid N_2

DPH

0 2 5 10 17 20 25 30

Development...

PART A: Background colour



PART B: Photophase duration - 18L:06D vs 24L:00D







EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN:

Performance monitoring

- Growth Rate
 - Body weight
 - Total Length

Survival



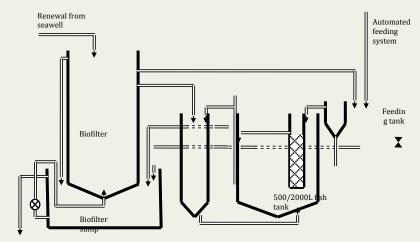


EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN:

hcmr

Larval rearing method

- Pseudogreen water
- Closed water system



20152016

- mechanically filtered borehole water of 35 psu
- T: 22±0.5 °C (autotrophic stages) 24±0.5 °C (23.9±0.8 °C)
- pH 8.3 to 8.5 (7.81 to 8.18)
- DO 5.6 to 7.4 mg l⁻¹ (4.92 to 7.42 mg l⁻¹)
- Light intensity 200 800 lux during day, 200 lux during night.
- Feeding:
 - enriched rotifers (from 3-21 dph), 3.0 individuals ml⁻¹,
 - Instar II Artemia nauplii (from 12 dph onwards), 0.1 individuals ml-1
 - artificial diet (from 21 dph).
 - Phytoplankton from 3 to 22 dph at 300 ± 100 x 103 cells ml-1.





EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN: Primer design

Study of the Somatotropic axis

Results after primer check with 2% agarose gel electrophoresis and sequencing

•	IG	F-I		
FWD	5′	TGTTGACGAATGCTGCTTCC 3'		
REV	5′	GTCTTGTCTGGCTGCTGTG 3'	Tα = 60 °C	
•	D 5' GTGGGATCGTAGAGGAGTGTTGT 3'			
FWD	5′	GTGGGATCGTAGAGGAGTGTTGT 3'		
REV	5′	CATCACGGGAATGACCTGTAGAGA 3'	Tα = 60 °C	
•	IG	F_Binding Protein 1		
FWD	5′	CCCTTTGACCACCATGACACT 3'	Tα = 60 °C	
REV	5′	GGGTCCCTGTTGTTCCAGTTT 3'	Pedroso et al. 2009	
•	IG	F_Binding Protein 2		
FWD	5′	TCCAGGGTTTAGGTCGATGTG 3'	Tα = 60 °C	
REV	5′	GTTGCCTGGTGGTCCAGACT 3'	Pedroso et al. 2009	
IGF_Binding Protein 3				
FWD	5′	CCGAGAGGCTTCCGCATA 3'	Tα = 60 °C	
REV	5′	ACGGCACTGTTTTTCTTGTAGAA 3'	Pedroso et al. 2009	
•	IG	F_Binding Protein 5		
FWD	5′	GCCCATCGACAAGCATGAT 3'	$T\alpha = 60 ^{\circ}C$	
REV	5′	CGTCCTTCATCCCCTGAATG 3'	Pedroso et al. 2009	
•	Growth Hormone			
FWD	5′	CTGAACCAGAACCTGAACTTGAAC 3'		
REV	5′	CTGTCTGTGATTGGCTGAGA 3'	$T\alpha = 60 ^{\circ}C$	
Growth Hormone Releasing Hormone				
FWD	5′	GCATTCTCTGATGGCAAA 3'		
REV	5′	CTGTAGCTGTCTGAAG 3'	Tα = 59 °C	





RESULTS 2015/2016

Part A

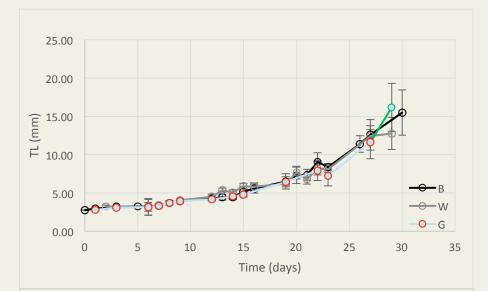
BACKGROUND COLOUR



2015 Results: Performance







TL Exponential growth rates: Black: 0.0568 d⁻¹

White: 0.0549 d⁻¹

Green: 0.0578 d-1

NSD

WW Exponential growth rates: Black: 0.2482 d⁻¹

White: 0.2165 d⁻¹

Green: 0.2695 d-1

NSD

SURVIVAL

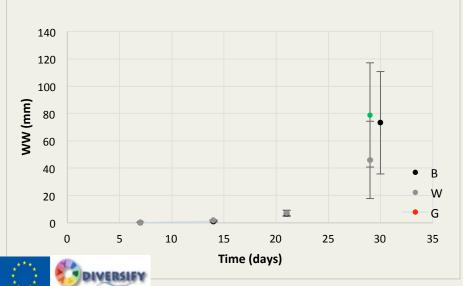
No satisfactory in any group

WHITE: 1,30%

BLACK: 0,53% **GREEN:** 0,02%

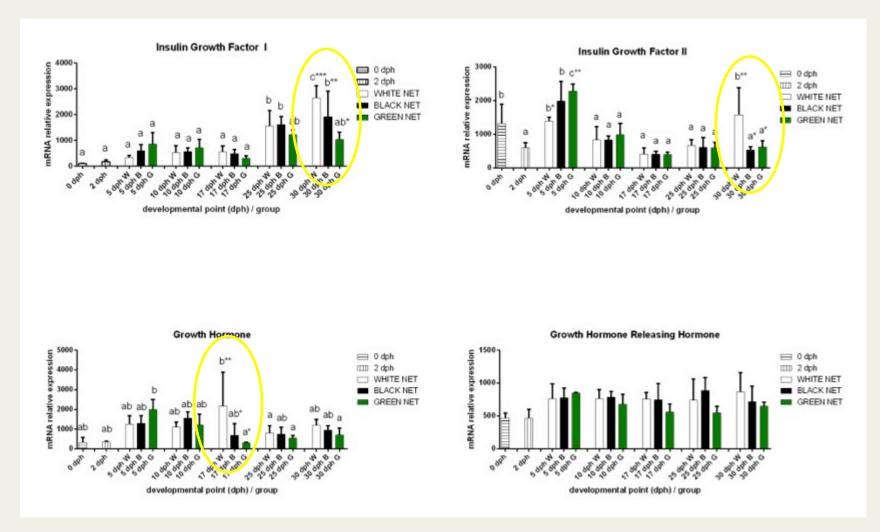
INITIAL EGG QUALITY

NEED FOR **REPEAT**





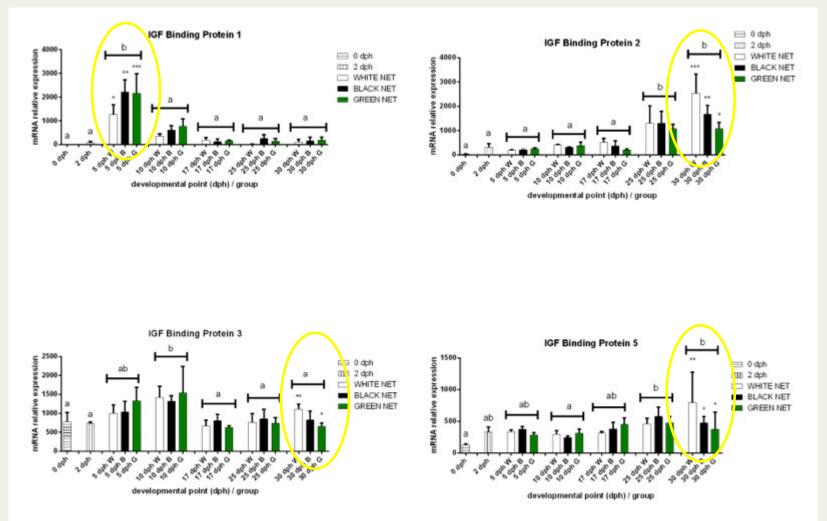
IGF-I, IGF-II, GH, GHRH expression throughout development /different background





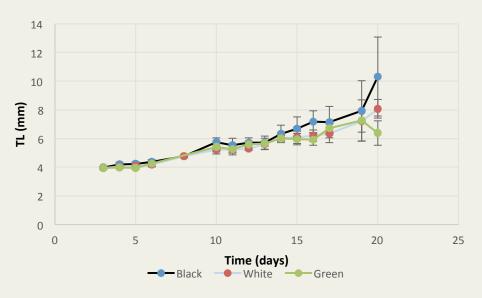


IGF-BPs expression throughout development /different background









TL Exponential growth rates: Black: 0.0481 d-1

White: 0.0393 d⁻¹ Green: 0.0355 d⁻¹

NSD

WW Exponential growth rates:

Black: 0.1260 d⁻¹ White: 0.1970 d⁻¹ Green: 0.1713d⁻¹

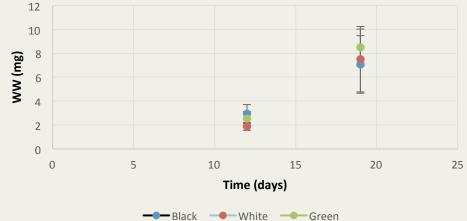
NSD

SURVIVAL

WHITE: 22,2%

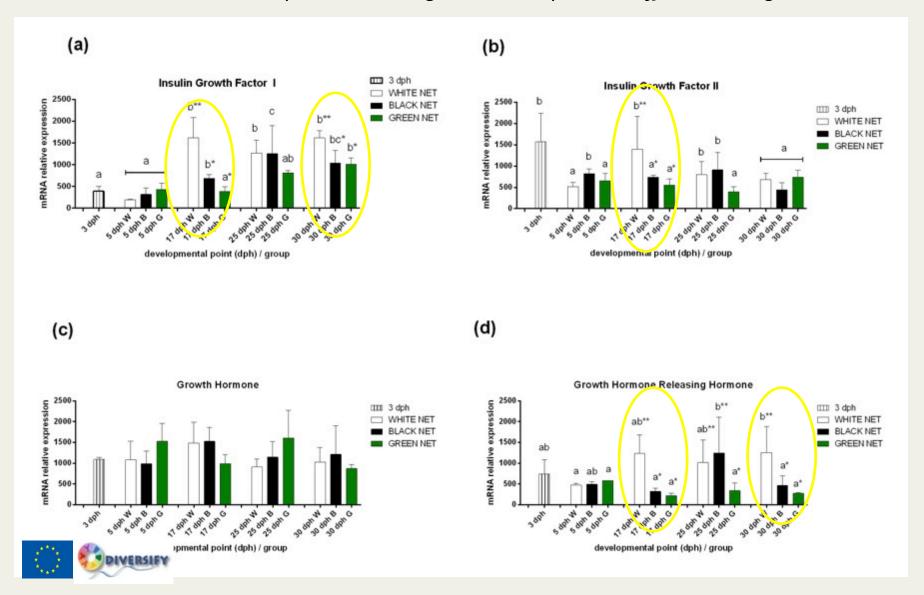
BLACK: 8,2%

GREEN: 16,5%



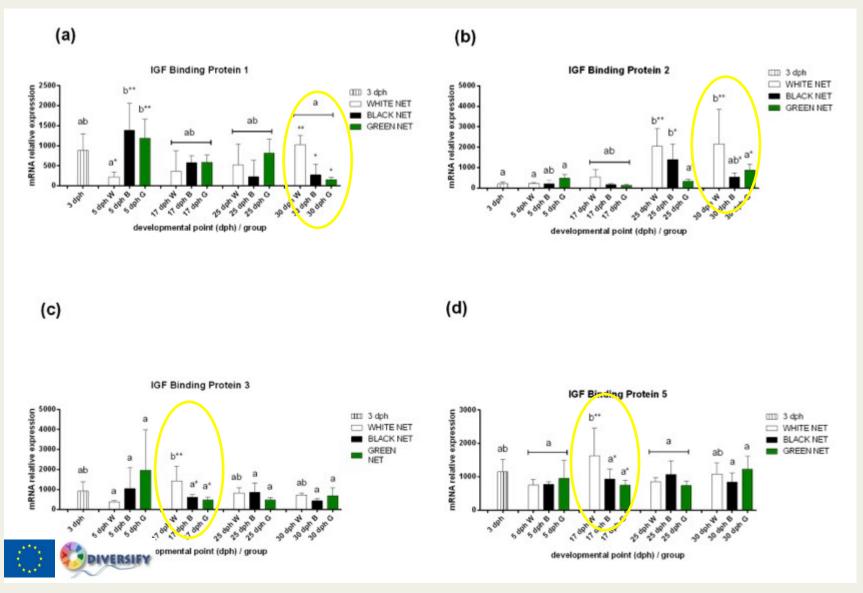


IGF-I, IGF-II, GH, GHRH expression throughout development /different background





IGF-BPs expression throughout development /different background



CONCLUSIONS (part A)



- Background colour had an effect on the survival rates of G. amberjack larvae
- Larvae in the WHITE background exhibited the highest survival rates compared to the green and the black background
- Statistically significant differences in the expression of genes related to the GH/IGF axis presented between larvae in the different backgrounds



higher levels for WHITE background

- Differences were observed at 17 dph (Flexion) and/or 30dph (formation of all fins)
- This is the 1st time the somatotropic axis is investigated in seriola dumerili at early development
- the achieved survival rates in 2016 are reported for first time

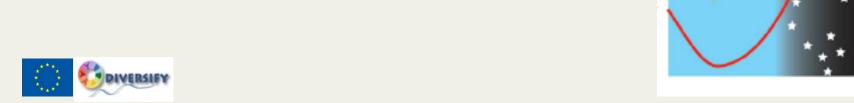




RESULTS 2015/2016

Part B

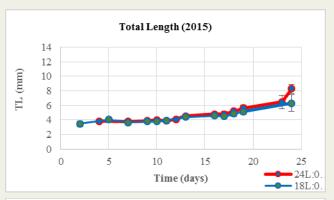
PHOTOPHASE DURATION (18L:06D vs 24L:00D)

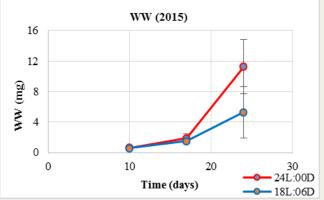


2015 Results: *Performance*









TL Exponential growth rates: $18L:06D = 0.0244 d^{-1}$ $24L:00D = 0.0364 d^{-1}$

NSD

WW Exponential growth rates: $18L:06D = 0.16 d^{-1}$ $24L:00D = 0.21 d^{-1}$

NSD

SURVIVAL

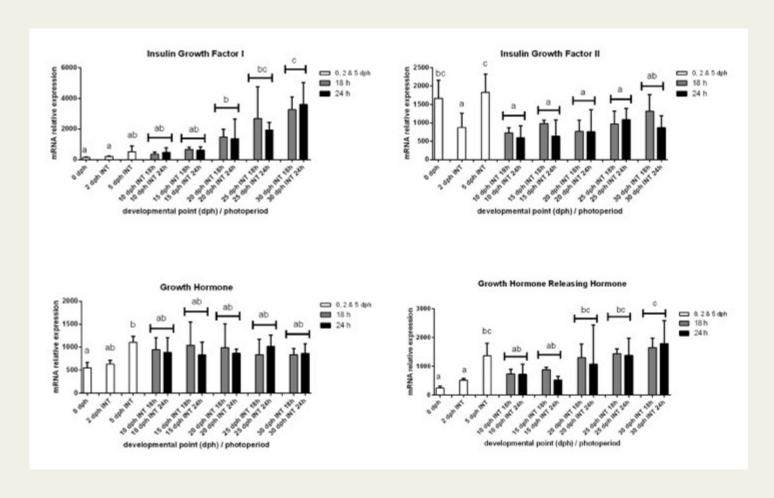
Not satisfactory in any group (few individuals per group)

NEED FOR **REPEAT**





IGF-I, IGF-II, GH, GHRH expression throughout DEVELOPMENT /different PHOTOPHASE

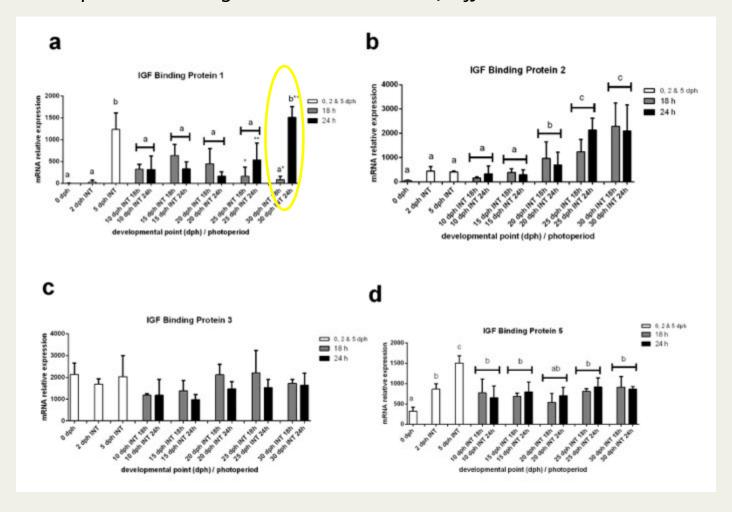






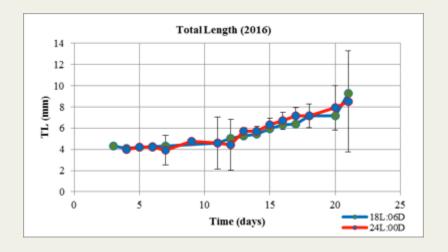


IGF-BPs expression throughout DEVELOPMENT /different PHOTOPHASE









TL Exponential growth rates: 0.310 d⁻¹ **NSD**

SURVIVAL

18L:06D: 10,6 ± 4.2%

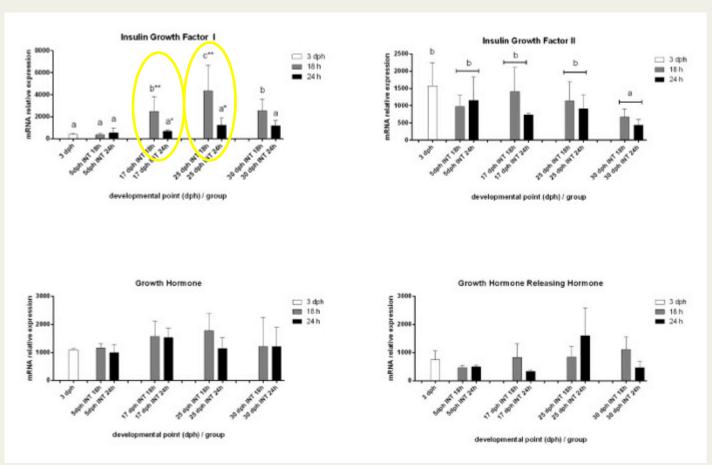
24L:00D: 8,2 ± 3.1%







IGF-I, IGF-II, GH, GHRH expression throughout DEVELOPMENT /different PHOTOPHASE

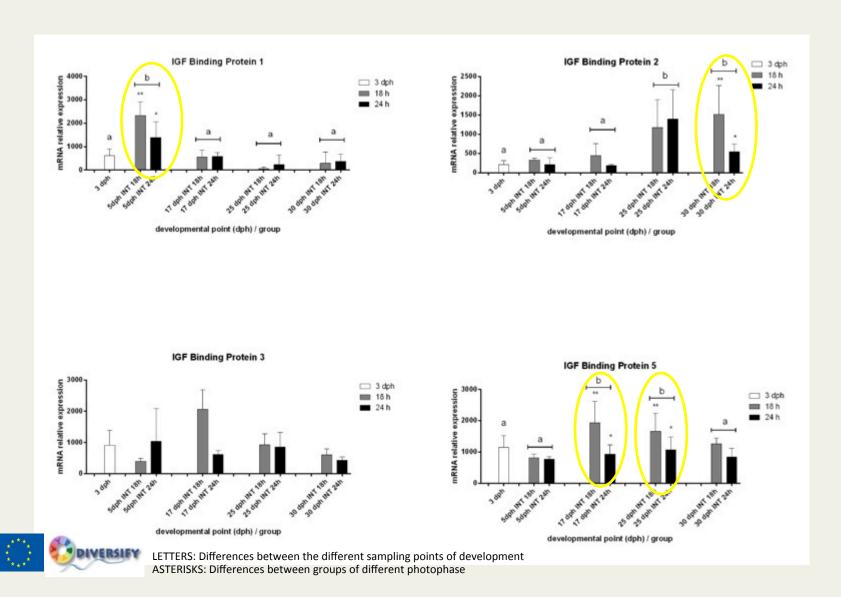








IGF-BPs expression throughout DEVELOPMENT /different PHOTOPHASE



CONCLUSIONS (part B)



2015

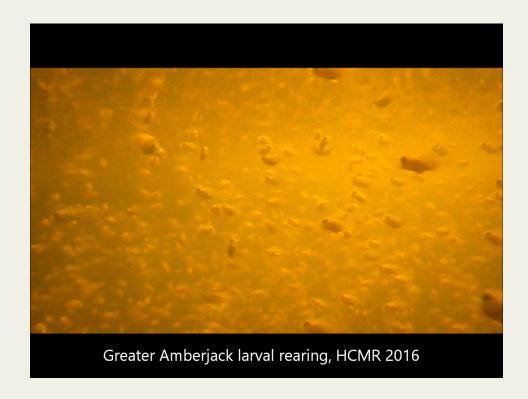
- The survival was not satisfactory in either group
- No differences were observed apart from the expression of IGF-BP1 (higher in 24L:00D than 18L:06D)
- These difference may reflects the tendency observed in growth (but just few individuals ...)

2016

- ☐ Higher survival rates were observed using a photophase with duration of 18L: 06D than 24L:06D
- ☐ This difference is reflected in the expression of IGF-I and IG-BPs 1, 3 & 5 (Higher levels for 18L:06D compared to 24L:00D)



Thank you!





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Biotechnology & Aquaculture



